SPECIAL NOTICES.

SERIAL SAVINGS AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION.
EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING. The eighth annual meeting of the "SERIAL SAV-INGS AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION" will be held at its hall, No. 615 7th street, opposite Patent Office, on the evening of WEDNESAY. 12th instant, at 8 o'clock. The Secretary and Treasurer will submit his eighth annual report, which will cover the transactions of sixteen series in active operation. Books for subscription in the 17th series will be opened. Stock in same can be subscribed for at the meeting or at any time before at the Office of the Secretary and Treasurer, No. 1416 F st. n.w. Officers will be elected to serve the ensuing year. and such other business be transacted as may properly come up for action. Remember the stock is \$1 per share. No back dues to be paid. Full attendance requested.

ROB'T G, CAMPBELL, President, 517 10th st. n.w.

JNO. A. PRESCOTT, Secretary and Treasurer, 1416 F st. n.w. my1-10t

2 BURNER VAPOR STOVE, \$10; BEST Fluid, 5 gals., 75 cts.; Climax and other Refrigerators; Tin Roofing, Plumbing, Simonds Mfg. Co. Brick Ranges and Culver Furnaces. JNO. MORAN, 2126 Pa. ave. Tel. call, 954—2 ap27-1m A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the RIGGS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, for the election of nine Trustees, will be held at the office of the Company, 1331 F st. northwest, on WEDNESDAY, May 19, 1886.

Polls will be opened at 12 m. and closed at 2 p.m. Transfer Books will be closed on the day of election. ap19-1m FRANCIS B. MOHUN. Secretary. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GAS

FIXTURES
No charge for Hanging.
No charge for Hanging.
Fine line of Brass Fenders and Andirons. Also,
E. F. BROOKS,
531 15th st. RAUM'S MAMMOTH ESTABLISH-MENT will be open till 7 o'clock until fur-ther notice. Every one, stranger or resident of this city, should not fall to visit this Mammoth Establish-ment. 7th 8th and Date. PHOSVITE -THIS COMBINATION OF Calisaya, Wild Cherry and Horsford's Acid Phosphates, is a popular and efficient Brain and Nerve Tonic, and a safe-guard against Malaria. Sold at MILBURN'S PHARMACY, 1429 Pennsylvania ave., in bettles or on draught with soda water. 115

ESTABLISHED 1852.
R. B. FERGUSON, Pharmacist,
2d st. and Penn. ave., Capitol Hill. WM. R. AND WM. REDIN WOOD-WARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Rooms 7 and 9, Gunton Law Building, 472 Louisiana ave, Complete index to all conveyances of Georgetown and County property and titles to such made a specialty. ap3-3m

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS Having decided to close out my Branch Yard, I will

offer you from 100 to 200,000 feet Georgia Dimension, 100 to 100,000 feet Georgia Flooring. 100 to 300,000 feet Virginia Joists, 100 to 100,000 feet Virginia Boards, 100 to 75,000 feet Virginia Flooring. 25,000 feet kiln-dried Flooring

100 to 90,000 feet Spruce Boards, 100 to 150,000 feet White Pine. Shelving, Seconds, Selects and Uppers. 100 to 20,000 feet Cypress Boards, 100 to 30,600 feet Walnut 100 to 25,000 feet Ash.

125,000 W. P. Shingle 50,000 Cypress Shingles Spruce Laths, White Pine Pickets, and a large, dry stock of Mahogany, Quar. Oak, Cherry, etc., at much less than market prices, and on large orders a special Asking for your favors and a personal call, I will make it an object for you to place your orders with

13th and B streets northwest.

Glover Building. 1419 Fst. Deposits, Loans, Exchange. Collections. Dealers in Government, District Bonds and all Local Securities. Stocks and Bonds listed on the Stock Exchanges of

New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltin Orders in American Bell telephone Stock executed by wire direct from our office to Boston, Constant quotations of this stock received. THE LATEST APPROVED STYLE and most comfortable fit in a fine Dress shirt can be found at 908 F st. n. w. HALL & BARNES, successors to Thompson's Shirt Factory.

LADIES. ATTENTION. LATEST PARISIAN MODES IN HAIR GOODS. M'LLE M. J. PRANDI, 1309 F STREET.

OPHELIA BANGS, ENGLISH BASKET PLAITS, LOUIS XV BANGS, EVENING COIFFURES. Hair Dressed and Bangs Shingled. mh4-3m*

CLOSING OUT AT

We have classified our entire stock as follows: Lot 1-All goods sold at 25c. will go at 20c

Gur BLACK AND FANCY JERSEY SILKS, sold

Our BLACK AND COLORED GROS GRAIN, sold

Our GUINET SILKS, IN BLACK AND COLORS, sold as high as \$1, will go at 824c.

We have a seasonable stock of goods, all purchased this season, and at lowest market prices. It is im-

MAMMOTH ESTABLISHMENT,

7TH, 8TH AND D STREETS.

LAWN MOWERS, As our LEADER is the easiest-going, best-wearing and cheapest machine.

We have an immense stock of GARDEN HOSE, HOSE REELS and GARDEN VASES.

424 9th street, Wood Mantels, Tiles, &c.; Plumbers and Dealers in Furnaces, Ranges, &c. ap29-w,th&f,1p

SIEREL & OWEN,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Corner New York Avenue and lothest. n. w.
Plantelass Garments at Reasonable Prices a7-1m,1pc

Kvening Star.

Vor. 68-Na 10,299.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1886.

SPECIAL NOTICES. WASHINGTON, D. C. MAY 5, 1886.
Local Union, No. 1, Curpenters and Joiners, of
the District of Columbia: GENTLEMEN:

Whist I mourn the loss of a husband and you a brother in the late Anthony S. Martin, I deem it my duty to offer to you gentlemen my kindest regards for the courtesy towards me in the hour of my bereavement, in showing so much respect at the burial of the deceased brother and husband. Also many thanks for the promptness of the settlement of the death benefits, and accent my best wishes for your success. accept my best wishes for your success.
ELIZABETH MARTIN, 1208 5th st. n.w.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., April 29, 1886.
\$250.00. Received of Carpenters' and Joiners' Union, Number One, of the District of Columbia, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, for the death benefits of the late Anthony S. Martin, who departed this life Anthony S. late Anthony S. Martin, who departed this life April 23, 1886.

HE AZABETH J. MARTIN. Witness:-J. T. Barnes, Jas. F. Higgins. REV. DR. GALLAUDET, RECTOR OF
St. Ann's Church for Deaf Mutes, New York,
will hold a service for Mutes at the Church of the
Ascension, corner of Massachusetts ave. and 12th st.,
THIS EVENING, at 8 p. m., and will explain the
sign language. Seats free. SECOND WORKINGMEN'S BUILDING
ASSOCIATION.

The above-named Association, after two years of successful operation, have decided to issue a Second Series of Stock, on which the first payment of dues will be made WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 12TH, at 7½ o'clock, at the Hall, No. 615 7th st.p.w. \$200 may be obtained on 64 e share for a return pay.

\$200 may be obtained on one share for a return payment of \$2 monthly. Six per cent paid on all invest-SHARES ONE DOLLAR EACH. The regular monthly meeting for the payment of dues and sale of money will be held on the same evening. Subscription for Stock in the Second Issue will be received, and all information given by the follow-

Broderick, presidentSupt. Adams Expre ...1442 Q st. n.w. .2004 9th st. n.w.

SOMETHING NEW, 5-GALLON STAR
Fluid, 75c.: 5-gallon genuine Cleveland fluid,
\$1, delivered. No charge for cleaning out or repairing Vapor Stoves if you use our celebrated Cleveland
Fluid. No more leaky Vapor Stoves. Call and see the latest improvement. A. EBERLY & SONS, 718
7th st. n.w. S. M. CATE, M. D., 916 McPHERSON Square, Washington, D. C., gives special attention to diseases of the nervous system, spinal cur-vatures and Potts' disease. Telephone call, 445.

K. OF L. TAKE NOTICE.-ALL CARpenters working in this District belonging to other jurisdictions are ordered to appear at the hall, corner of 7th and Lsts., on THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock. By order of M.W., 1.748. my5-2t* MASTER BRICKLAYERS' HALL,
Washington, D. C., May 4, 1886.
Whereas the Journeyman Bricklayers, represente And whereas reports are current upon the streets of this city and elsewhere that the Master Bricklayers decline to make estimates upon and contract for brick work in this city: therefore, be it work in this city: therefore, be it

Resolved. That, in accordance with the resolution of the Journemen Bricklayers in convention assembled, that we, the Master Bricklayers, did and do accept in good taith the above resolution, and that on and after May 3, 1886, nine hours will constitute a day's work, except on Saturdays, when eight hours will constitute a full day's work for a full day's pay.

And be it further resolved. That we never have, and do not propose to decline to make estimates of or contract for brick work where the parties offering are reliable and responsible.

liable and responsible.

By order of the Master Bricklayers' Asso. my5-3t Was inaugurated by unworthy members of the Ice Assembly—will continue to always sell ice at fair prices at WILLIS' Ice Depot, 13th and Watersts. s.w. Patronize the Red Wagons. Send your own wagons to houses and be treated right. my5-15t* ORGANIST.—I WOULD LIKE TO AR-range with either lady or gentleman who, from interest in such work, will instruct in church and Sunday school singing on Sunday morning at a small compensation. Address Rev. J. R., Star office, my5-3t

SPECIAL NOTICE—FOR SALE, THE
Lease, Good Will, Furniture, &c., of the pop
ular summer resort, Piney Point Hotel, St. Mary's
county, Md., situated about ninety miles from Washington. For further information apply to
WASH. B. WILLIAMS,
317 7th st. n.w.
N. B.—If not sold by June 1st the same will be
opened for guests at that time.
my5-1w
WASH. B. WILLIAMS.

I have for sale the southeast corner of 16th and L sts. n.w. The Lot is 43 feet on L st. by 110 feet on 16th st., opposite the elegant residence now being built by General Strong; one of the finest locations on 16th st., being centrally and otherwise most desirably situated. The entire 16th st. front can be utilized for a block of residences, or as a whole by a person of wealth for a home unexcelled in every particular. Large and elegant parking.

JNO. A. PRESCOTT.

MCKENDREE M. E. CHURCH, MASSA-chusetts avenue, between 9th and 10th sts. n.w. Revival services each evening during the week save Saturday, at 8 p. m. Preaching by Rev. C. JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF Genuine Danforth Fluid. 5 gals. delivered, \$1; 5 gals. Gasoline delivered, 75c. my4-1m W. S. JENKS & CO., 717 7th st. n.w.

DR C. J. LADSON, DENTIST, Has Removed from WESLEY CHAPEL, CORNER OF 5TH and F sts n.w.—Preaching each evening this week, except Saturday, by Rev. WM. C. WEBB, D.D., of Philadelphia. You are cordially invited. my3-5t ALL PARTICULARS REGARDING the Eldridge Select Excursion to Luray and Natural Bridge, leaving Washington on FRIDAY, May 7th, can be obtained of Miss STILLMAN, 1011

THE FIRM OF BRULATOUR & DYER, doing business at No. 1225 Pennsylvanh avenue, having assigned all their property to the undersigned for the benefit of their creditors, all person dersigned for the benefit of their creditors, all persons are notified to present their claims to the Assignee of sald firm on or before the FIRST DAY OF JUNE, 1886, otherwise they may not participate in the distribution of assets. Parties indebted to the said firm are requested to settle their accounts at once. Persons having goods in the store on storage, or for sale on commission, are notified to remove the same without delay. The stock and fixtures, and the unexpired lease of the store are for sale.

E. L. WHITE, Assignee, my1-5t

Rooms 23-24-25, Pacific Building.

BASS DINNERS SERVED AT GREAT FALLS HOTEL

ap27-t,th,s5t* At Shortest Notice.

J. WALTER CARROLL, Prop. WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION Gospel Prayer Service, Central Union Mission Rooms, 909 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, every WEDNESDAY, at 1:30. All mem-bers and friends invited.

GAS COOKING STOVES AND
RANGES,
LAWN VASES,
GARDEN HOSE
-PLUMBING AND TINNING-

SAMUEL S. SHEDD. 409 9TH ST. N.W. Our BLACK AND FANCY-COLORED SILKS, ANOTHER JOB LOT OF FINE TOUTH engraved a quotation from Shakspeare.

1014 F st., corner 11th n.w.

LOOK OUT! WASHINGTON IS Perhaps it is in your kitchen. Examine for your-self, and be sure you are not using adulterated Lard. It looks good but the unpleasant odor from it when cooking will convince you otherwise. "CASSARD'S cooking will convince you otherwise. "CASSARD'S STAR BRAND LARD" IS GUARANTEED PURE. Put up in all styles of packages. Ask your grocer for it, and if he hasn't it in stock send us your address and

G. CASSARD & SON. Curers of the celebrated "Star Brand" Mild Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon. mh4-3m* THOSE USING OUR MACHINES ARE possible to mention all. We have reduced the entire to be tampered with at the house by persons represented in proportion to the prices above.

particularly cautioned against allowing them to be tampered with at the house by persons representing themselves as being employed by us as adjusters, and who are in most cases entirely incompetent, exacting enormous charges and render-

ing no practical service. We are responsible only for work done at our office, where none but skilled work-Orders by postal will receive immediate attention.

WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO.,

ARTIFICIAL TEETH WITHOUT Plates and Tooth Crowns for Broken and Badly Decayed Teeth.

We can reter, by permission, to a large number of patients, and the following extracts are indicative of the universal satisfaction this work affords:

"Your work, done three years ago, stands like a rock."—Dr. GEO. F. HORSEY, Utica, N. Y.

"For twenty-two years I wore a plate. Your operation is most comfortable."—Ex-Senator E. G. LAP-BAM. Canandaigua, N. Y.

"Your crown work is a great comfort to me."—D.

W. BLISS, M. D., Washington, P. C.

A Lady writes: A Lady writes:
"I find my teeth very comfortable, and can never be than't ful enough that I decided to try the 'Crowning System."

"I am very much pleased with the Crown operation you performed for me over three years ago. I consider it the greatest invention of the age. It will give me great pleasure to have you refer to me in regard to the splendid work accomplished."
Yours very truly, W. H. CHENEY,
S. Manchester, Conn.
References and circulars furnished on application.
C. L. ANDERSON, D. D. S.,
ap13-1m
C01 13th st., cor. F. st. n.w.

PIANOS AND ORGANS, MOVED, TUNED and Repaired by competent men at moder-JOHN F. ELLIS & CO., 937 Pennsylvania avenue, Near 10th stree THE SWEDISH HEALTH INSTITUTE movements and Massages-Prof. NISSEN, 903 16th st. Ladies and gentlemen assistants, Patients treated at their residence if desired. n. h. 25-3m

CHAS. S. PRICE, DRUGGIST, 426 7th st. s.w.

The most complete Drug establishment in Washington. Our prices are exceedingly low.

Washington News and Gossip.

THE SUPPLEMENT OF THE EVENING STAR to-day contains the prices for which owners of the library site property are willing to sell and the assessed value of the lots; the eight hour meetings in this city last night: the western riots; Powderly on strikes; base ball notes; telegraphic dispatches, etc. The advertisements are classified as follows: Auction Sales, Proposals, Educational, Ladies' Goods, Hotels, Proposed Department of Agriculture Dry Goods, Housefurnishings, Sewing Machines, Gentlemen's Goods, Books, Family Supplies, Dentistry, Professional, Wood and Coal, The Trades, Planos and Organs, Attorneys, Specialties, Medical, Financial, Potomac River Boats, Steamers, Railroads, Undertakers.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS To-DAY .- Internal revenue, \$540,301; customs, \$443,115.

THE COURT OF CLAIMS was considering yesterday a number of French spoliation claims, involving the rights of underwriters and insurers. Mr. Earle continued his argument this morning, and was followed by Mr. Lewis, of Philadelphia. Col. Ben. Wilson will be heard again for the United States and Mr. Shella-barger will reply for the claimants. Col. Wilson has demurred generally and also moved to strike out some cyidence. The questions raised are very interesting.

POST OFFICE CHANGES .- Wm. T. Henderson, of Baltimore, division post office inspector, has resigned, and Wallace P. Ryon, of Pennsylvania, of the same service, has been promoted to the vacancy. Thos. E. Newlove, clerk in the office of the post office inspector at St. Louis, Mo., has resigned. DEATH OF JUDGE GRAY.-Judge Alexander

T. Gray, formerly pardon clerk Department of Justice, died this morning at his residence, on Corcoran street. U. S. S. Powhatan arrived at New York yes terday from Key West.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION IN AUSTRALIA. The Department of State has been notified that an international exhibition will be opened in June. 1887, at Adelaide. South Australia, As the trade between America and Australia is already considerable and constantly increasing the managers of the exhibition are anxious that he manufacturers of this country should be largely represented in the exhibition as a means of increasing commerce between the two countries.

BOARD OF ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS.-The Secretaries of War and of the Navy have appointed the following board of officers to ap-Whereas the Journeyman Bricklayers, represented by delegates chosen by themselves (the journeymen), assembled in convention at St. Louis, Mo., in January, 1886, and adopted, by a large majority, the resolution that on and after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on an after May 3, 1886, nine hours lution that on a hours lution that of the lution that of the lution that of the lution that of I. Ludington, deputy quartermasters general, and Capt. Geo. B. White, of the navy.

A NEW YORK CONSCIENCE.—The Acting Secretary of the Treasury has received a conscience contribution from a resident of New York in the form of one-half of a thousand dollar gold certificate numbered "A 8598," the receipt of which the sender says he wants to be publicly acknowledged before he will send the other half of the certificate. NAVAL ORDERS.-Capt. S. L. Breese, ordered

draughting room, bureau of steam engineering; Lieut. Commander Louis Kingsley, detached from duty at torpedo station at Newport and placed on waiting orders; Lieut. Chapman C. Todd, from the Washington navy yard and ordered to duty at the naval academy; Ensign S. Dana Greene, from duty at the torpedo station, and ordered to hold himself in readiness for sea

ARMY ORDERS.-Ordnance Sergeant Patrick King, Sergeant John De Wagner, second artiland Private John Feeny, company C., eighth in-fantry, retired; Col. Jas. C. Breckenridge, inspec-tor general, detailed to inspect damaged cloth-ing, &c., at Chicago, for which Capt. A. G. Hen-PERSONAL.-John A. Logan, jr., son of Senator

Logan, has enlisted as a private in the First Infantry, Illinois National Guard, at Chicago.—
Gen. Arthur was not so well yesterday.—J. H.
Fletcher, of Brooklyn, Carrell Armstrong, of
Arkansas, and P. E. Rodgers, of Milwaukee,
are at the Metropolitan.—T. J. Van Alstyne
and Alden Chester, of Albany, and John P. Linton, of Johnstown, Pa., are at the National.—
Gen. McClure, U. S. A., Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Luch,
of Pittsburg, and J. G. Crawford, of Brooklyn,
are at the Ebbitt.—M. F. Dwyer, of Brooklyn,
J. O. Armour, of Chicago, H. H. Warner and
family, of Rochester, L. K. Church, of Huron,
Dak., Wm. D. Kelley, of Elmira, N. Y., M.
Pickett, of Corry, Pa., Appleby & Johnson, A.
B. Hart and Mr. Viator, of New York, H. W.
Knight, of Chicago, and P. Cunningham, of
New Bedford, are at Willards.

SAYINGS AND DOINGS IN SOCIETY. Lieut. General P. H. Sheridan will occupy "Snadyside," Mr. B. H. Warner's country seat, near Brightwood, during the summer season. Mrs. Carroll and the Countess Esterhazy are

now occupying their house on F street, lately vacated by Mr. and Mrs. W. Cruger Pell of New Senator and Mrs. Hearst gave a very beautiul reception last evening to Miss Calhoun, of London. There was a large company present, and the details were very rich and elaborate. Some of the guests were the Chief Justice and Miss Waite, Speaker and Mrs. Carlisle, Senator Allison, Lieut. Greeley, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Pollok, Judge and Mrs. MacArthur, Mr. and drs. Charles Nordhoff, Mr. and Mrs. O. H. ister and Miss Carter, Marshal and Mrs. Wil-son, Miss Wilson, Count Lippe, Mr. Acklen, Lieut, Werlich, Mr. and Mrs. James Warrach,

Dr. Milburn, Miss Wright, Miss Wild and Mr. and Mrs. Toft. Mr. G. Wm. McLanahan, of 1336, 19th street. ives a small reception on Friday evening to the Rev. J. Davis Bowden, of Dresden, Ger-

Mrs. Justice Field gave a very handsome luncheon on Saturday to Mrs. Senator Stan-ford, and the ladies invited to meet her were Mrs. Laughton, Miss Eads, Mrs. Dolph, Mrs. Capt. Wheeler, Mrs. Whitney, Madame Reuterskield, Mrs. Stockton, Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. Cocktell, Mrs. Dunn, Mrs. O. H. Burrows and Mrs. J. P. Jones. The floral decorations of the table were very elaborate, and consisted of longbonsileur roses and French lilacs. There were fourteen courses, and there was at each place an illuminated card on which was Marshal and Mrs. Wilson gave a dinner last

evening to Col. and Mrs. Lam int. Mr. and Mrs. James Warrach, of Brooklyn, are in the city. Captain and Mrs. W. Stokes Boyd, of Philadelphia, are at No. 922 14th street northwest. Mrs. Treadwell Moore gave a tea Tuesday E ternoon.

General and Mrs. Beale have returned from Chester, Pa., where they attended the funeral Miss Millie Vilas and her grandmother, Mrs. Wilas, will go to Madison, Wis., next week, where the former will spend the summer. The Misses West, accompanied by their govthess, will go to Europe the latter part of

Ex-Commissioner and Mrs. Dorman B. Eaton are recuperating in Vermont. Mrs. Buckingham, who has been the guest of Mrs. Mott-Smith, is the richest woman fruit tarmer in California. Senator Fair gave a party to the opera on

Monday evening to Judge and Mrs. McArthur, the Misses Governeur and Mr. Coleman. Miss Cleveland is expected at the White House he latter part of the week. Mrs. Lee Holcomb has gone to Eagle Point for a few weeks, and from there will go to Fortress Monore. Lieut. Holcombe returns with the

Trenton in August, and will be stationed at An-Miss Lucy Frelinghuysen is enjoying in a quiet way her visit to the capital and her sister, firs. Judge Davis. There was a full attendance yesterday of the Firmes dancers at the rehearsal given by Prof.

Marwig, of New York, who spends Tuesday of every week here instructing the five hundred boys and girls who will take part in that beau-tiful spectacle on Thursday and Friday of next week. By invitation of the committee here, about two hundred of the Baltimore Kirmes were coming over to take part in the performance of Friday night, but at a meeting the other day of the Baltimore committee they decided to not come in the capacity of dancers, as they would embarrass, instead of being any assistance to, the Kirmes managers here. Seven dances are being rehearsed, and the Swedish dance, which has been the last to be made up, will be over the tags of the meet that the control of the meet that the meet that the control of the meet that the meet the meet that the mee

ill be one of the most picturesque and beauti-Mrs. W. T. Carroll, whose health during the winter has precluded her receiving her friends, has cards out from her new home, on F street, for next Monday from 4 to 7, and will have with her her friends. Col. and Mrs. Robert Winthrop and Miss Thayer, of Boston.

AT THE CAPITOL TO-DAY.

COMMERCE BILL IN THE SENATE.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN THE HOUSE. and Labor. The Senate.

The chair laid before the Senate a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury transmitting a letter from the supervising architect of the Treasury recommending an appropriation of \$28,343 for repairs and alterations at the barge office, New York city. Referred. Mr. Jones (of Nevada), from the committee on

contingent expenses, reported favorably Mr. Edmunds' resolution providing for an assistant clerk for the judiciary committee for the remainder of this session, at \$8 a day. The resolution was agreeed to. On motion of Mr. Sherman the Senate agreed that the anti-Chinese immigration bill and the bill to idemnify Chinese subjets for losses by the Rock Springs riots shall be special orders for Monday, May 10th.

On motion of Mr. Hoar the Pacific railroad funding bill was made the special order for Tuesday, May 11th.

THE SCIENTIFIC BUREAUS. Mr. Allison, chairman of the commission on scientific bureaus, stated that the published report that the commission had adopted a report restricting the work of the geological survey was an error. No such report had been adopted Mr. Morgan explained that he and another member of the commission had united in the ntroduction of a bill to restrict the work and printing of the survey, and out of that had per-haps grown the report of the commission's

THE COMMERCE BILL. Mr. Cullom called up the inter-state commerce bill. Mr. Butler opposed the bill.

House of Representatives. FEMALE SUFFRAGE. Mr. Tucker (Va.), from the committee on the judiciary, reported adversely a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment providing for female suffrage. House calendar. Mr. Tucker also reported from the committee

on the judiciary, adversely, the bill to equalize the right of fishing in the navigable waters of the United States. Laid on the table. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND LABOR. In the morning hour Mr. Hatch (Mo.) called up the bill to create a department of agricul- Texas, to be associate justice of the supreme TINGUISHED AUTHORITIES QUOTED IN SUP-

The opposition to the measure took the form of dilatory motions, which were submitted by any consideration of the bill having been entered upon; which led Mr. Burrows (Mich.) to inquire sarcastically whether there was any parliamentary method except filibustering, by which the majority could defeat its own

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL. The House then went into committee of the whole (Mr. Wellborn of Texas in the chair) on The District in Congress.

BILL TO PREVENT THE SALE OF LOTTERY

TICKETS. In the Senate to-day, Mr. Ingalls introduced bill to amend the act to prevent the sale of policy or lottery tickets in the District of Coumbia. It provides that the act mentioned approved April 29th, 1878, shall be amended by inserting the word "lottery" before the words "policy, lottery or policy shop" wherever the latter or either of them are contained in the act; also that whoever knowingly prints, publishes or circulates, or causes to be printed, published or circulated any advertisement, symbol or notice of any lottery ticket or scheme or drawing, with intent to indicate where a lottery ticket, or any share thereof, or other lottery symbol or token may be purchase any other person to purchase the same shall, for each offense be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars, and in default thereof shall be

committed to jail (not exceeding thirty days until the fine and costs shall have been paid. Referred to the District committee, WRITS OF ERROR AND APPEAL. In the Senate to-day Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill to provide that every writ of error and apor decree of the Supreme Court of the District of taken, allowed, proceeded upon and detercases and under the same limitations as are provided by law for writs of error and appeals to or from the circuit courts of the United States to the Supreme Court. All provisions of

terred to the judiciary committee. LEAVES OF ABSENCE FOR GOVERNMENT PRINTERS. In the Senate to-day Mr. Manderson, from the printing committee, reported the House bill to allow 15 days leave of absence in each year to all employes of the Government Printing office, including those employed on piece work, with amendments. The amendments only make the provisions of the bill more definite. One of them provides that employes on piece work shall, during leave, be paid the same rate as day hands, and another directs that emoloyes on the Congressional Record shall have their usual rate of pay during leave. These amendments will in all probability be readily assented to by the House, and it is believed the bill will become a law without any delay.

Mr. Palmer to-day presented in the Senate a petition from citizens of Charlotte, Michigan, in favor of the passage of a law to protect young

A PENSION FOR HENRY HUNT. In the House Mr. Anderson has introduced :

bill to grant a pension to Henry Hunt, who was a private in Company B second District of Columbia volunteer infantry. Capitol Topics. THE COMMERCIAL TREATY WITH MEXICO. The ways and means committee will take up

the House bill to put into effect the Mexican treaty at their next meeting. The sub-committee will submit an adverse report to the whole committee, and it is thought that the bill will not be reported to the House, and the Mexican treaty will not go into operation. Mr. Hewitt has been a very earnest advocate of the treaty, and last Congress the committee allowed him to report it without having given it their actual indorsement. EXTENDING THE ACT FOR ONE YEAR. Mr. Eustis has introduced a bill in the Senate

to extend for one year, from the passage of the act, the right of action in the Court of Claims under the provisions of the captured and aban doned property acts, including all cases of seizures made either before or after June 30th. 1865, without regard to any statute of limitations, and where documentary proof has been presented in cases, and the witnesses are dead or cannot be found, such evidence shall be used. In the trial of the cases no person shall be excluded as a witness because he is a party to or interested in the cause. ERRORS OF LAW IN CONSULAR ACCOUNTS.

In the House, Mr. Reagan has introduced a joint resolution authorizing the first controller of the Treasury to correct errors of law in the consular accounts of John S. Mosby, late consulate Hong Kong; O. N. Denny, late consulated by either the such errors have been committed by either the present controller or his predecessor, and to settle the consuls' accounts according to law and equity. The resolution provides for the appropriation of any money found to be due the persons named as consular fees. THE RIGHT TO BUY SHIPS ABROAD.

Mr. Morgan has submitted a resolution in the Senate, declaring it the duty of Congress to extend all necessary mail facilities across the seas tend all necessary mail facilities across the seas to the principal ports of all foreign countries with which the people of the United States have any considerable trade, or where trade can be profitably developed; also, that it is the duty of Congress to so provide by law that the American people shall have the right to buy ships and import them from foreign countries, under reasonable customs duties, as a means of conducting and promoting commerce and for carrying the mails to and from foreign ports; that the laws which prohibit the Importation of foreign-built ships are as unjust and tation of foreign-built ships are as unjust and as unwise as laws would be that would prohibit the importation into the United States of all other goods or parisles of foreignother goods or articles of foreign manuf REGULATING RAILROAD BATES. The Senate spent yesterday afternoon upor

the interstate commerce bill, Mr. Camden's amendment being the pending question. That mendment, which prohibits railroads from charging more, in proportion, for a short than a long haul, no matter at what point on the line the shipment may be made, was finally adopted ba a vote of 29 to 24. SENATE ACTION UPON NOMINATIONS. The Senate in executive session yesterday

tion of R. S. Dement to be surveyor general of Utah, adversely reported from the public lands committee, was recommitted. The rejection of Charles B. Pollard to be associate justice of the supreme court of Montana, is officially announced. THE CHARGES AGAINST DEMENT TO BE INVESin the afternoon until nearly two o'clock this

The recommittal of the nomination of Mr. Dement for surveyor general of Utah to the ommittee on public lands, ordered by the Senate in executive session yesterday, was for the purpose of having that committee investigate the charges against Dement. The original led in the opposition to the bill and made a vacancy, the term of his predecessor having expired since the original nomination. This renomination sent Dement's case back to the committee on public lands, the same as if there had not been a previous nomination. The committee submitted an adverse report, and the case was pending in the Senate upon that report, when yesterday Mr. Logan moved to recommit it, with authority to investigate the charges made. This way done and the he charges made. This was done, and the committee are empowered to send for persons and papers. It is alleged that Dement told to others the same stories he was charged with telling to newspaper correspondents here, and that among those who will so testily are certain western railroad officials.

DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS. March 26th. The department has made a tresh application to Congress for the balance—\$91,137. The Treasury has made an urgent appeal to Congress to appropriate as early as possible \$30,000 (deficiency) for repairs and reservation of public buildings, and \$10,000 (deficiency) for repairs and preservation of ma-rine hospital buildings. A JURY DIVIDED POLITICALLY.

General Blair, of Virginia, prosecuted, and Scuator Kenna defended the case.

Nomination To-Day. The President sent the following nomination to the Senate to-day: James H. McLeary, of CAPT. HOXIE'S TESTIMONY CONTINUED - DISourt of the Territory of Montana.

The Coming Fight on the Tariff. THE PROTECTIONISTS CHANGE THEIR PROGRAM

bill to be taken up for consideration. Under the present plan all the power of the protectionists will be used to defeat the motion to take the bill from the calendar whenever the

To the Editor of THE EVENING STAR: to call the attention of THE EVENING STAR and the other organs of public opinion, constituting the Associated Press, to the atrocious and slanderous character of the rumors trans mitted from Panama, and published, supposing that the revolutionary leader. Ricardo Gaitan, was put to death by poison. The very fact that those who furnished the information and attempted to make the horrible charge, accom-panied it with the explanation that the sup-posed victim was attended and cared for during his illness by several physicians residing at Panama, would be sufficient by itself to prove that the charge is baseless. It would be difficult to reconcile the facts of giving poison to a man, and then resorting to science, either to undo what was done, or secure by its action the ertect evidence that the crime was committed. stand such things, unless by supposing also that science assisted the criminals either to commit or to conceal the crime. If Senor Gaitan died by poison, how is it that many doctors who attended him have not announced the fact as loudly as it was their duty to do? It is clear enough that in the whole matter there is no other poison than the black one of calumny, and no other victim than the persons vested with authority who are traitorously attempted to be sacrified. Is it possible for the said authorities to have deemed it advisable to forbid a public funeral, and prevent display, specially after it became aware that instead of a charitable act, and an act of due homage to an unfortuthe ceremony was to be made a sort of political demonstration, both dangerous and badly planned and directed. But while I admit of such possibility, I cannot but deny plainly and squarely, that in taking such a step, if taken the authorities were influenced in the least by the savage political hatred which without any oundation at all is attributed to them. Much in opposition to this it may be said that the most prominent among the said authori-ties, General Santo Domingo Vila, carries with him in his person, through the wounds which deprived him of the use of his legs, while bravely defending some enemies, just con-quered by him in loyal battle, the full demontration that no such spirit exists.

paper, and sending to you my earnest thanks or this service, I pray you also to accept the testimony of my personal consideration.
RICARDO BECERRA, Colombian Minister. His Arctic Experiences Broke Him

DEATH OF A POPULAR YOUNG NAVAL OFFICER. after a lingering illness. He was a son of General Hunt, the present governor of Soldiers' Home, and he was taken to his father's quarters after his return, some weeks since, from Charleton, S. C., where he went for the benefit of his health. He was son-in-law of Adjutant General Drum, having married his daughter, Blossom, three years ago. He leaves three

Rodgers was burnt, in the winter of 1881-2, he became a member of the party which made the journey overland from Behring's sea through Siberia. He took part in the search expedition for Lieut. Chipp's party, in the vicinity of the Lena river when the loss of the Jeannette became known and remained in Jeannette became known and remained in Siberia another winter. Upon his return home, three years ago, he was in excellent health and was married. When the Greely relief expedition was organized the following year he was selected as one of the officers of the expedition and was attached to the Alert. Upon the return of the relief expedition his health was broken. His maiady gradually settled into consumption which resulted in his death. The Centennial Exposition.

COMMISSIONER WEBB BEFORE THE LIBRARY

The library committee at their regular meet mit at the meeting of the committee next Thursday. By that date he expects to be able to have the plans, so iar as legislative action is concerned, fully matured. A DISMISSAL AND A PROMOTION .- W. G

Coleman, a clerk of class one in the office of the Third Assistant Postmaster, has been re-

A FIELD DAY IN THE HOUSE. Sharp Attack on the Bounty Bill.

MR. HEWITT LEADS THE ASSAULT-HE ADVO-CATES REDUCTION OF TAXATION AND RE-The House had a hard fight over the veterans

morning without result. The bill was to allow bounty money to be paid to commissioned offiprivates, and had failed on account of promo tion to get a bounty. Mr. Hewitt, of New York, ers had been reached, and that the discontent Treasury took advantage of the delicate position the southern members are placed in, being subject to the charge of disloyalty if they resist the steal. But no one could bring this charge against him and he would make the light.

"The question to-day," he said, "is social order.
At all cost and at all hazards it must be maintained. It is better to have bad laws than no laws; it is better to have tyranny than anarchy and it is measures like this that are forcing th issue upon the people. The House should address itself to measures of relief-to the reduction of taxation." "If the reduction of taxation is the prime necessity of the hour, why does not your majority reduce it?" asked Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa. "That is exactly the burden of my remarks," replied Mr. Hewett. "The democrats of this house have a majority. There is a bill pending which will reduce taxes about \$25,000,000. know that efforts have been made to preven the consideration and passage of that bill; and I will go with the gentleman from Iowa in sackcloth and ashes, if necessary, in order to make atonement for the failure of this House and my

party and administration to fulfill the pledges they made to the people when they asked for their votes and received the verdict which placed them in power. Yes! yes! we shall be traitors to every obligation which we assumed, to every duty which we are sent here to fulfil unless we wake up to the sentiment of the people on this great question, and instead of imposing taxes and making new apppropriations, reduce the taxes and lighten the load on the energies of the people.' This was the pith of the attack upon the bil Mr. Bragg led the defense, and the fight was stubborn on both sides. The fight was resumed at the evening session after a recess of two hours and a haif, and the time from 7:30 until 1:40 this morning was spent in filibustering on the part of the friends of the bill, who foresaw its defeat. When all the members were worn out an adjournment was taken.

The Water Works Extension.

The examination of Captain Hoxie was continued before the House sub-committee having yesterday, and he brought forward a strong array of facts and authorities to sustain his position as to the proper mode of constructing the extension tunnel, and to show that a con-

crete lining is the only safe one. authorities in support of his views, among them Gen. Totten on "Mortars and Concretes," who says: "In constructing with concrete the interior of baterdeaux that have sufficient thickness we may be certain of their great durability. In rubble or regular masonry the mortar does not always unite itself perfectly to the stone, so that if there be a head of water it will at least find a passage between the joints. This cannot happen in masonry made of small ma-terials, as concrete, because all of these small stones are separated from each other by a portion of the mortar which will oppose filtration. In the two baterdeaux of Strasburg which I have cited, the facings were displaced, but the central mass of concrete prevented a single drop of water from passing, notwithstanding the bad

condition of the facings.

We are frequently obliged to carry a canal over a stream of water, and vice versa. In such cases aqueducts are built. It is here particularly, as in aqueducts in general, that concrete is indispensable. If it be thought proper to build the arches of stones or bricks it is indis-In countries where proper materials for making the arches cannot be obtained at a reasonable rate it will be advantageous to make the arches of concrete, in which case the aqueduct dimensions may be constructed in this way either for aqueducts or for ordinary bridges." Capt. Hoxie said that the concrete required by the contract for the aqueduct extension has much greater strength than that used by Gen. Totten where "springs of water flowed over this work continually and were allowed to cover each day's work." He quoted Gen. Gillmore on "Cements and Mortars" (1883), the most recent and the pres-ent standard, work, as follows: "Natural hydraulic cement, to which, under circumstances requiring only a moderate degree of energyan strength, paste of fat lime is sometimes added, in quantities seldom greatly exceeding that of the cement, is almost invariably used as the

ing houses and tactories, in single monolithic masses, with moulded ornamentation of no mean character, have been constructed of this material alone." Capt. Hoxie next quoted from Fanning on

"Water Supply Engineering" as follows: "Concrete cut-off walls.—If the trench for the cut-off would fail.

He also quoted Drinker on "Tunneling, Explosive Compounds and Rock Drills" to show that dry stone packing, "however well it is put up, will always yield somewhat to pressure," and that "without extraordinarily close super-intendence it is impossible to secure well executed dry back-filling," also from Fanning on "Water Supply Engineering." "So long as the foundation yields, the conduit cannot be maintained water-tight, for the settling away of the support at any point results in an undue transverse strain upon the shell, and the adhesion of the mortar to the masonry is overcome and the work cracks;" showing that the brick shell, with dry stone packing, now used for lining the tunnel, would be ruptured throughout its whole length of 10,893 feet under the heavy pressure to which it will be subjected, permitting the water to escape into the fissured rock.

Telegrams to The Star. ENGLISH SOCIALIST'S VIEWS. bounty bill yesterday, which lasted from early CHAMBERLAIN NOT IN FAVOR.

cers in the late war who had enlisted as No Disorders in the Strike Centers To-day CINCINNATI STRIKERS VICTORIOUS

Ex-Justice David Davis Reported Very Ill.

A LONDON SOCIALIST'S VIEWS. How Hyndman Regards the Chicago Troubles and the Labor Struggle Generally.

special Cable Dispatch to THE EVENING STAR.

London, May 6.-I took opportunity to-day on meeting Hyndman, leader of the socialist | crowd. The orator refused to move. The policeparty here, to learn his views about the Chicago riots. He showed great interest and spoke freely on the subject of his probable visit to America, which has only just been decided upon. I need hardly add that the general opinion will not quite agree with his estimate of the socialist movement here. I said: "What want to beg." Johnston said he was a socialist is the attitude of the English socialists toward to the backbone, and that it did not interfere such outbreaks as those in Chicago?" He replied: "I can only speak for myself. I have no sympathy whatever with anarchist tactics, but the Chicago police are notoriously brutal and seem to have attempted to disperse a public meeting without any overt action on the part of the crowd. It is almost civil war." I asked: based a circular, in which they say that "But would you under any circumstances defend an action like that of the Chicago anarchists?" He replied: "Certainly. If the right of free speech is systematically interfered with by the police, even peaceful crowds will be forced to organize themselves for resistance. For example, if the London police were to act once or twice more as they did at our last great demonstration in Hyde park, undoubtedly we should be driven to resort to similar means, though quite conscious such action would be premature." I asked: "Are you personally acquainted with any of the leading anarchists

CHICAGO'S BAD CHARACTER. vhere, having visited it several times. I should expect such an outbreak. Why so? Because the capitalist class is more sensual there and tion by me of a coming great class war in the United States will be found in the Pall Mall Gazette of August or September, 1880, and the Fortnightly Review of March, 1881." I asked: "But what is exactly the relation be-tween the social democrats, of which you are

the head in England, and the views and forces hus shown to exist in Chicago?' He replied: "We are altogether opposed to what the anarchists call the propaganda of deed, which practically puts the whole movement at the mercy of a few crazy or corrupt individuals. We do not disguise that

between labor and capital, or the protectionist and bourgeoisee, but we know right well that the people are not yet sufficiently educated to control the complicated economical forms of our present society; that is, to socialize, which means production in the interest of the whole means production in the interest of the whole community. We strive to bring about peaceful revolution, if possible in this sense, with the consent even of the well-to-do classes them-"You sent a telegram of sympathy to Mr. Powderly?" "Yes, but there is nothing to show that the

property. These conflicts will always occur events occurred in connection with the trades union agitation here for many years, aithough these agitations are now recognized by all par-ties as having been directed for the general "You have, I think, sent an emissary to the United States recently?" "Yes, one of our most trusted comrades, James Blackwell, a compositor and trades unionist, went at his own expense in order to keep Justice, our newspaper, fully advised con-cerning this most important struggle."

abor are responsible for the destruction of

"Do you expect to visit America on any sim-llar errand?" "I have some thoughts of putting myself in the hands of a lecture agent to deliver a series of addresses upon the present condition of Great Britain and Ireland, as well as reminiscences of the revolutionists I have known."

LIBERALS CONDEMN CHAMBERLAIN But the Home Rule Scheme is Modified to Meet His Views.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE EVENING STAR LONDON, May 6.-The meeting here of the liberal federation was a tremendous triumph for Gladstone and an equal repulse for Chamare those of the Birmingham caucus. There was the fullest attendance ever seen. The meeting was extremely excited, and broke up after the vote almost in confusion. The original resolution of Mr. Really, supporting Chamberlain, though professing great confidence in Gladstone, met with an amendment to declare unconditional sympathy and support for Gladstone. Twenty-Dve people out of about a thousand voted for the original resolution. One speaker described Chamberlain as a traitor, amid wild cheers. The curious fact remains, however, that while Chamberlain himself is denounced, the home rule scheme is being altered

daily in accordance with his views. By Associated Press. The Price of Chamberlain's Support. LONDON, May 6 .- The Daily News states that in cabinet circles that he is willing to support the home rule bill on its second reading, pro-vided a pledge be given that the Irish members

Ohio Democratic Senators Seek Seclu-

have skipped the town. A dispatch has just altered so as to prevent the danger of complete been received from Covington, stating that six separation and keep such a hold on Ireland as of the senators have escaped through the lines and are now safely quartered in Kentucky. They are under control of young Dick Bishop, and more arrivals are anticipated. Those now across the border are Senators Cable, Williston, O'Nell Sullivan and others. O'Neil, Sullivan and others.

ten. Mr. Van Cleaf, democrat, came up smiling, but his presence still left the senate without a quorum. Mr. Ranvells introduced a resolution directing that the presiding officer be authorized to appoint a sufficient number of sergeants-at-arms for the purpose of apprehending and arresting the absentees and bringing them before the Squate. Mr. Van Cleaf claimed that there was no authority for such action.
The chair decided that the resolution was in order, and it was passed. Gen. Kennedy will at once appoint officers to pursue the missing members, and it is believed that a sufficient number can be found to make a quorum. At one o'clock the senate adjourned till to-morrow

DAVID DAVIS ILL.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 6.—The Journal's Bloomington, Ill., special says: "The friends of ex-Vice President David Davis are alarmed over the condition of his general health, which has not been good for some time, and he has become much reduced in flesh. The present alarm is caused by the appearance on his left shoulder joint of a huge carbuncle, the continued development of which will, it is feared, endanger his life. The carbuncle is as large as a man's fist and extremely painful. In 1864 Mr. Davis came near losing his life from a similar attack. THE CLUVERIUS CASE.

TWO CENTS.

helped carry out the murder as iar as the law allows us. We want to look over all the evi-dence before deciding on what charges to make, and I cannot now say what the charges will be. think we will bring the matter before the next regular grand jury." SPECIMEN ANARCHISTS. As an illustration of the character of some of he alien socialists and their ideas of freedom, the News this morning prints the following: A reporter, who speaks the Bohemian language, mingled yesterday with the crowd that was encouraging the boys to break Rosenfeld's drug store windows, and engaged one of the men in conversation. The man said he could not un-derstand why it is that men could not do as they think best. He had come to this country CLUVERIUS' SENTENCE AFFIRMED.

because the agent who had told him to emigrate had promised him he would come to a free country. He had come here with the idea that this country was a free one, in which a man could do what he pleased. Now he had found out that the police in this country were ust as bad as those in Europe, and protected the property of the rich, which the work-ingmen wanted to destroy, because they wanted to compel the rich to be-come their equal. Therefore, he hated come their equal. Therefore, he hated the American police as much as he did the offi-cers in Europe, and thought it just to kill them and their spies. Rosenfeid being a spy, they had driven him from the neighborhood and were now doing their best to demolish the building which gave him shelter. Later in the day a big, deep-chested, red-mouthed anarchist stood at the corner of Evergreen and Leavitt streets harranguing a small crowd and advocating the annihilation of the police. This fellow, however, was an Englishman. A police man appeared on the scene and dispersed the man promptly telled him with his club, and dragging him to the corner, propped him up against the patrol box until the wagon came At the station the man gave the name of Robert Johnston. In his pockets were found a num-

NO DISORDERS SO FAR.

Better Ontlook in Chicago To-day-A Big Firm Yields-Specimen Anarch-

CHICAGO, May 6 .- There is a greater feeling

of confidence apparent this morning in the

ability of the authorities to preserve the peace. The outlook continues threatening in certain

quarters and the police expect that they may be called upon to disperse gatherings in certain portions of the city, but the arrest of the four anarchists yesterday has insured a feeling that that element will no longer prove so trouble-some, in view of the fact that the police now

believe that all the leading instigators of the re-

cent troubles have been caged, with possibly one exception. The collecting of evidence against the conspirators is proceeding rapidly. The state attorney says: "We will push the pro-

ecution of the men who instigated the riot and

ists-The Killed and Wounded.

with his principles that he had to "work a little take" for a living. CONDEMNING VIOLENCE BUT STILL DETER MINED TO GET EIGHT HOURS. The executive committee of the Trades and Labor assembly and the master workman of "the Trades and Labor assembly and District assembly 24, have neither sympathy nor affiliation with any class of men who set law and order at defiance. But while they unhesitatingly condemn the action of all law-breakers they take this occasion to announce they are none the less determined to secure the recognition and adoption of the eight-hour system by any and every lawful means within their power, and intend to fight it out on that line if

THE GREAT DEERING WORKS YIELD. At the Deering Harvester works the situation was somewhat critical this morning. Committees from the strikers were appointed at a meeting held last night. These were to watch "No," said he: "but Chicago is the very city to work not to do so. The company had offered an advance of liteen per cent, and some of the majority, however, insisted on an eight hour day. This morning the men began to straggle in at five o'clock. The gate on Claybourne avenue was kept locked and all the men were required to enter by the Fullerton avenue gate. 5:30, but after that time both gates were surrounded by strikers, who refused permission to anybody to enter. At 6:30 o'clock 800 men were grouped near the gate, but nobody went in. At seven o'clock Mr. Deering appeared and addressed the crowd. He said all Deering men were invited to enter and go to work. "I will give you eight hours just as soon as I can. Now we have a large amount of work to do before the harvest, and I ask you to stand by me. After the rush is over I will give you the eight

Two Lake View policemen were at the gate and a passage was formed through the crowd and the Deering men began to file in, greeted with cries of "scabs," "eight hours." About 500 of the men had gone in by 7:30, but after that Warrants for four of the striking switchmen employed by the St. Paul and Fort Wayne roads were sworn out before Commissioner Hoyne last night by Mr. Walker, attorney for the St. Paul road. They were charged with ob-structing the United States mails. One of the men, Pat Hogan, was arrested by the deputy marshal last night. The others have not been social democrats of America or the Knight of

The fund for the benefit of the families of the dead and wounded policemen has swelled to \$28,000. S. V. White, the Lackawanna official, who was in the city, subscribed \$500 while the New York Board of Trade telegraph a \$500 subscription.

The police raided a hall of the anarchists, at No. 105 North Wells street, this morning, and Officer Madden, who was shot last night, is still living, but his condition remains critical. At Pullman this morning all the men at the Pullman works and the Allen paper wheel

Fully three-fourth of the McCormick harvester works employes reported for duty this morning. THE WOUNDED OFFICERS. The report from the county hospital this morning is that Officers Barrett, Flaven, Miller and Jacob Hansen are beyond hope of recovery. The remainder of the wounded men are resting easily and will probably recover. Emil Lute one of the civilians shot, is in a dying condi-

yards near North avenue bridge this morning. A can containing explosives, to which a fuse was attached, was found in one of the yards, con-firming the rumor that a band of incendiaries were at work. All the socialistic hiding places are now pretty well known to the police. THE BOMB THROWER. It is now thought that the man who threw

lutionary agent from the east. Several persons called at the central station yesterday and las evening and claimed that while present at the meeting to have had a good sight of him, and some of them thought they would be able to identify him should he be recaptured. The Third Avenue Strike Not Over. New York, May 6.—The situation in the strike of the 3d avenue railroad employes is unchanged. The strikers did not return to

work this morning because they were not sat-

isfied with the terms proposed by the company. Everything is quiet around the depot and the cars are still guarded by the police.

The Opposition Steadily Pegging Away at Gladstone's Proposals. LONDON, May 6 .- The Daily Telegraph hopes that the decisions of the national liberal federation at yesterday's meeting will have the effect of increasing the obstinacy of both Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Chamberlain and make a reconciliation impossible. Mr. Trevelyan addressed the electors of Ha-

wick yesterday. He denounced chiefly the land

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

Columbus, O., May 6.—It is now generally conceded that all of the democratic senators

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

Columbus, O., May 6.—It is now generally conceded that all of the democratic senators gladly support the home rule bill if it were chase blil.

At a loyalist meeting, held at Preston yesterday, a letter was read from the Earl of Derby. In it he says that the present parliament does not possess any moral right to decide the Irish question. The right to settle that question, he says, belongs only to the electors, whose opinion on the subject has not yet been asked. If they decide in layor of granting home rule in Ireland nothing more can be said.

Ireland nothing more can be said. He adds that he has not abandoned hope that the rulers will drop the device of forcing their proposals upon an unprepared public.

The Earl of Kenmare has resigned his office under the present government.

The Dundee chamber of commerce has The Dundee chamber of commerce has adopted resolutions declaring that the Irish bills would tend to cause disruption, ruin the financial credit of Ireland, exclude capital and stop commerce, and has agreed to present a petition to parliament against the bills. The Belfast linen merchants' association, at a meeting yesterday, condemned the Irish bills, objecting to conterring power upon any authority in Ireland to tax industries. Mr. Mitchell Henry, M. P., speaking at Glasgow yesterday, quoted a private conversation with Mr. John Bright, in which the latter said: "Heaven forbid that we hand over the minority in Ireland to the men who insulted the queen and hauled down the Union Jack from the Mansion house."

Good News from Cincinnati. THE FREIGHT HANDLERS' STRIKE COMPRO-MISED AND DANGER OF TROUBLE PASSED. MISED AND DANGER OF TROUBLE PASSED.

CINCINNATI, May 6.—The strike of the freight handlers is at an end. The men are already at work in the Cincinnati Southern, the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago, Ohio and Mississippi, Cincinnati, Washington and Baitimore freight yards, and the others will resume this afternoon. The exact terms are not made known, but it is generally understood that the men have an advance of from 15 to 26 cents a day. This is looked upon as banishing all danger of disorder, and peaceful settlement with other strikers is expected to follow soon.

A New French Cable to New York.

Paris, May 6.—M. Granet, minister of posend telegraphs, has granted a charter to French company to lay a new cable betwee Brest and New York via Guadeloupe. To state guarantees a portion of the capital, condition that the cable be manufactured France and be laid by French vessels. To charter requires the sanction of the French politament. ot appeals of Virginia to-day rendered a decision in the case of T. J. Cluverius, convicted

WE ARE SELLING A GOOD MANY

HAYWARD & HUTCHINSON,

cleared its calendar of nominations. The only onfirmation made public is that of Z. M. Zulick to be governor of Arizona. The nomina

nomination of Dement was to succeed a suspended official, and he was confirmed, despite an adverse report from the committee. Before his confirmation was certified a motion to reconsider was made by Mr. Palmer. While this was pending the President again sent Dement's nomination to the Senate, this time to fill a wanted to dive their hands down into the vacancy, the term of his predecessor having.

The Navy department having asked for \$343,000 to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for the armament of the steel cruisers authorized by the act of March 3.1883, Congress cut down the estimate and appropriated only \$241,853 in the urgent deficiency bill approved

Senator Kenna has returned from Lewisburg, West Va., where he was two weeks engaged in defending J. Speed Thompson for killing Elbert Fowler. After an exciting trial the jury divided politically—eight democrats being for acquittal and four republicans holding out for nurder in the second degree. Ex-Attorney

The protectionists have changed their plans of attack upon the tariff bill. At first the republicans were anxious for a full discussion of the possible might be got out of it. But they have since come to the conclusion that for several reasons it would be better to cut all debate off if they can, and to kill the bill as it draws its first breath. One reason for this is hat a long discussion would prolong the session. from districts where the tariff reform sentimen is quite strong, who, while they might be held under the party rein for a while, could not be relied upon to stand out against the arguments therefore, that the best policy is not to allow the

motion is made. The vote on this motion will be a test of the strength of the bill. The Fate of Ricardo Galtan. A CARD FROM THE COLOMBIAN MINISTER, WASHINGTON, May 4th, 1886.

I request you to cause these lines to be published, through the columns of your respectable

He was a member of the Rodgers expedition for the relief of the Jeannette, and when the Rodgers was burnt, in the winter of 1881-2, he

ing to-day had up the resolution for the international exposition to celebrate the centennia anniversary of the adoption of the federal constitution and 400th anniversary of the discovery of America. Commissioner Webb, president of the exposition commission, was present and informed the committee that the commission were not yet prepared to submit their recommendations. He said that a full meeting of the commission would be held and the legislation desired would be drafted in time to sub-

moved, and Miss Lucy C. Murphy has been promoted from \$900 to \$1,200 in the same of

Jesse L. Horton and Thos. Richart were ar rested last evening in New York city by secret service agents for passing counterfeit coin.

basis of the concrete mortar, and the concrete place and well rammed in horizontal layers of about six inches in thickness until all the coarser fragments are driver below the general surface. * * * Concrete is admirably adapted to a variety of most important purposes and is daily growing into more extensive use and ap-plication. For foundations in damp and yielding soils, for subterranean and submarine masonry, under almost every combination of circumstances likely to occur in practice, it is superior to brickwork in strength, durability and economy, and in some exceptional cases is considered a reliable substitute for the best stone, while it is almost always preferable to the poorer varieties. For submarine masonry. concrete possesses the advantage that it may be laid without exhausting the water (which expensive operation), and also without the aid of a diving bell or submarine armor. On account of its continuity and impermeability to water. in soils injected with springs, for sewers and conduits, for basement and sustaining walls, for columns, piers and abutments, for the hearting and backing of walls faced with bricks, rubble and ashlar work, for pavements in areas, basements and cellars; for the walls and floors of cisterns, vaults, etc. Groined and vaulted arches, and even entire bridges, dwell-

wall is deep and very irregular, it is well to level up in the cuts with a water-proof concrete well settled in place, and this may prove more eco-DEATH OF A POPULAR YOUNG NAVAL OFFICER.

Lieut. H. J. Hunt, a young naval officer very

nomical than to cut the deep trench of sufficient width to receive a reliable puddle wall; also, the greater reliability of the concrete under well known here, where he was born, died at 8:30 o'clock last evening at the Soldiers' Home be watertight, and capable of resisting successfully the upward pressure upon the bottom due to the head of water in the reservoir, when the chamber is empty. * * * The use of beton or hydraulic concrete is often advisable for the bed-course of a valve chamber foundation, to aid in distributing the weight of the structure. and in securing a water-tight floor. The composition of the concrete is to be proportioned for these especial objects. Concrete for a revetment demands weight as a special element; for a lintel, tensile strength; for an arch compressible strength; but for the submerged foundation of a gate-chamber, imperviousness, which will ensure sufficient strength. * * If there is the least transverse motion in a mortared wall sustaining water, the masonry ceases from that instant to be water-tight, and if the stones are in the least disturbed on their bed after their mortar has begun to set, the wall will never be tight. * * The foundations of masonry conduits must be positively rigid, since the superstructures are practically inelastic, and any movement is certain to produce rupture."

Capt. Hoxie also quoted Gen. Gillmore's description of a section of the Vanne aqueduct, scription of a section of the Vanne aqueduct, supplying water to Paris, thirty-seven miles long, built of concrete, comprising two and ahalf to three miles of arches, eleven miles of tunnels, and bridges over rivers, canals and highways of 75 to 125 feet span. He cited the foregoing authorities, with Col. Casey's report on the Washington monument, Vernon-Harcourt on "Harbours and Docks," Clarke on the "Boston Maindrainage," and Chanute on "Repairs of Masonry," to show that wherever extraordinary strength. endurance. impermepairs of Masonry," to show that wherever ex-traordinary strength, endurance, imperme-ability, permanence, or ready adaptability to complicated conditions is required, in works of the greatest magnitude and importance, con-crete is used in preference to any other kind of masonry—and, often, where every other kind

shall be retained in the imperial parliament. SAFE IN KENTUCKY.

TO PURSUE THE MISSING MEMBERS. The senate was called to order promptly at

His Friends Alarmed Over the Condi-tion of His Health.

The Judgment of the Lower Court Suc-

RICHMOND, VA., May 6.—The suprem